#### INFORMATION FOR APPLICANTS

### A. Federal Public Defender's Responsibilities/Qualifications

The Federal Public Defender functions under the authority of Title 18, United States Code Section 3006A(g)(2)(A) and the Criminal Justice Act Plan(s) of his/her district. The Federal Public Defender provides federal criminal defense services to individuals unable to afford counsel.

To be qualified for appointment, applicants must:

- (1) be members in good standing of every state bar in which they are admitted to practice;
- (2) possess a minimum of five years criminal practice experience, preferably with significant federal criminal trial experience;
- (3) possess an ability to provide effective administration of the federal public defender organization;
- (4) possess a reputation for integrity;
- (5) possess a commitment to the vigorous representation of those unable to afford counsel; and
- (6) not be related by blood or marriage to a judge of the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals or to a judge of the district court to be served, within the degrees specified in section 458 of Title 28, United States Code, at the time of appointment.
- B. No applications will be reviewed until after the deadline for receipt of applications.
- C. The circuit court or its committee may/will contact your present and former associates, partners, employers, employees, supervisors, acquaintances, and individuals familiar with your ability and character unless you request that this not be done. If you make such a request, it will be necessary for you to explain how sufficient information can be obtained to make you a viable candidate in the selection process.

## APPLICATION UNITED STATES PUBLIC DEFENDER EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI

Please submit the original and seven copies of this application and any attachments. Applications must be received by May 15, 2006, at the following address:

Office of the Circuit Executive
United States Courts for the Eighth Circuit
111 South 10<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 26.325
St. Louis, Missouri 63102

All applications must be typed. Please make certain all application forms are signed and dated. If you wish to receive an electronic version of the application, please contact the Circuit Executive's Office at 314-244-2600.

All questions must be answered fully. If a question or a section is not applicable, please so state. If more space is required, please attach a separate form and indicate to which question the attachment refers.

Inquiries should be directed to the Circuit Executive, 111 South 10<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 26.325, St. Louis, Missouri 63102.

1.	Full name
2.	All other names by which you have been known
3.	Office address and telephone number
4.	Residential address and telephone number
5.	Where should you be contacted?

	Place of birth				
	Date of birth				
	State of residence				
	Length of residence in state				
	Are you a citizen of the United States of America?				
•	If you are a naturalized citizen, please state the date and place of naturalization.				
•	Military service				
	Service Branch Dates				
	Are you related by blood or marriage to any member of the federal judiciary?  If so, give their names				
	What is the present state of your health?				

to perform the duties of this job	ical impairments or disabilities that may affect your ability?  If so, please specify.
If so, please give	atment for a physical or mental illness or condition?
from whom you are presently r such individuals you have seen	sses, and telephone numbers of all physicians or counselor eceiving treatment or other services and the names of any during the last 36 months.
substance abuse problem?	past used illegal drugs, abused the use of alcohol or had If yes, describe the circumstances and state e received counseling or treatment of any kind.
List the colleges, universities, a	nd law schools attended, the dates, and degrees earned

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Lic	st all continuing legal education courses dealing with criminal law and sentencing
	ve attended or completed within the last five years.
If y	you have published any books or articles, please list them giving citations and da
Lis	st any honors, scholarships, prizes or awards you have received (including, e.g
rev	view, moot court, order of the coif, etc.).
-	

<u>Date of Admission</u>
s of all law firms with which you have been associat
gencies or private business organizations in which ye
nave practiced as a sole practitioner, and other pri
<u>Firm Address</u> <u>Dates</u>
current practice including any legal specialities whi
l clients. Additionally, if your practice is substantial
e give the details or your prior practice.
ourt?
pearances in the last five years were in:
pearances in the last rive years were in.

2.	State or local courts of record	%
3.	Administrative bodies	%
4.	Other	%
During the	last five years, what percentage of your practice has beer	n trial practice?
	%	
How freque	ently have you appeared in court?	times per month
How freque	ently have you appeared at administrative hearings?	times per month
What perce	ntages of your practice involving litigation has been:	
	Civil	%
	Criminal _	%
	Other:	
		%
		%
		%
State the nu	mber of cases you have tried to conclusion in courts of rec	9
nact five year	are indicating whather you were cale accociate or chief c	
	ars, indicating whether you were sole, associate, or chief c rted cases.	

	any major cases your were involved in during the last five years, including natur
of case, d	ocket and number.
State the r	names and addresses of opposing counsel in the three most legally significant case
you have	had in the last five years.
Summari	ze your courtroom experience prior to the last five years.
Are vou i	now or have you been a member of any Criminal Justice Act (CJA) panel from
-	vyers are selected and appointed for criminal defense services?
	cate court and location of each panel.
	• -

	ourts involved and the dates of service or date of candidacy.
a)	If you are now an officer, director or otherwise engaged in the management of any business enterprise, state the name of such enterprises, the nature of the business, and the nature of your duties.
b)	Since being admitted to the bar, have you ever engaged in any occupation, business or profession other than the practice of law? If so, please give details including dates.
c)	State whether during the past five years you have received any fees or compensation of any kind, other than for legal services rendered, from any business enterprise institution, organization, or association of any kind. If so, identify the source of such compensation, the nature of the business enterprise, institution, organization, or association involved, and the dates such compensation was paid.

5.	Are you familiar with the canons of the code of conduct for Federal Public Defenders Volume II <u>Guide to Judiciary Policies and Procedures</u> , Chapter II pg. II-13 (a copy of which is attached to this application), and the limitation upon federal employees on earning outside			
	incor	ne prescribed under Title VI of the Ethics Reform Act of 1989, Pub. L. No. 101-194,		
	Secti	ons 601-603, 103 Stat. 1716, 1760-1763 (1989), as amended?		
6.	Have	ve you ever been arrested, charged, or convicted for violation of any federal law, state		
	law,	county or municipal law, regulation, or ordinance? If so, please give details. Do not		
	inclu	de traffic violations for which a fine of \$50 or less was imposed unless it also included		
	a jail	sentence.		
7.	a)	Have you ever had a claim prosecuted or been sued by a client? If so, please give		
		particulars including results.		
	b)	Have you or your professional liability insurance carrier ever settled a claim against		
		you for professional malpractice? If so, please give particulars including the		
		amounts involved.		
	c)	Have you ever been a party to a lawsuit? If so, please give particulars including the		
		results.		

	e you ever been charged in any civil or criminal proceedings with conduct alleged t
	lve moral turpitude, dishonesty, and/or unethical conduct? If so, please give particular iding the full name of the case.
Have	e you ever been disciplined or cited for a breach of ethics or unprofessional conduct be
any	court or administrative agency, bar association, or other professional group? If so
pleas	se give the particulars.
	_
Have	e you filed appropriate tax returns as required by federal, state, local, and other
gove	ernment authorities? If not, please explain
Do y	ou have any liens or claims outstanding against you by the Internal Revenue Service
	If yes, please explain
a)	List all bar associations and legal professional societies of which you are a member
	and give the titles and dates of any office you have held in such groups an
	committees to which you have belonged.

	identified in response to Questions 42a, of which you have been a member during the past ten years including the titles and dates of any offices you have held in each sucl organization.
	by of the organizations set forth in Question 42(b) discriminate on the basis of race gender, marital status, national origin, or disability?
	any achievements or actions you have accomplished, demonstrating your commitmental justice.
to equ	any achievements or actions you have accomplished, demonstrating your commitmental justice.  any additional education or other experiences you believe will assist you in performing ties of the position for which you are applying.

47.	List five individuals who are familiar with your abilities and personal character:				
	<u>Name</u>	Address			
I decla	re under penalty of perjury that the	foregoing is true and correct. Executed on:			
	Date	Signature			
	Duit	Signature			

### AUTHORIZATION/WAIVER

I hereby authorize any person designated by the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals to communicate with and receive communications from any physician, attorney, counselor, hospital records custodian, disciplinary body administrator, employer, employee, co-employee, partner, associate, supervisor, or acquaintance with regard to my application for and/or selection as Federal Public Defender for the Eastern District of Missouri. I agree that the designated person may discuss my character, abilities, interpersonal skills, physical or mental condition, and any other matters that may have a bearing upon my selection and I hereby waive any privilege between me and the abovenamed persons that may exist under the law.

NAME:	
ADDRESS:	
TELEPHONE NUMBER:	
SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER:	_
DATE OF BIRTH:	_
SIGNATURE AND DATE:	

### B. Code of Conduct for Federal Public Defender Employees.

#### 1. **Introduction**

This code of conduct applies to all federal public defender employees (1) As used in this code, "federal public defender employees" (or "defender employees") means federal public defenders, assistant federal public defenders, and all other staff employees of the federal public defender office. "Public defenders" means only the federal public defenders and assistant federal public defenders. This code of conduct does not apply to private counsel appointed under the Criminal Justice Act, or to attorneys provided by a bar association or legal aid agency or by a community defender organization established in accordance with the provisions of the Criminal Justice Act (18 U.S.C. § 3006A(g)(2)(B)).

Nothing contained in these canons is intended to limit or modify the primary responsibility of public defenders, as appointed counsel, to render effective legal representation to clients as required by the Constitution and laws of the United States and by applicable rules governing professional conduct, including the codes of professional responsibility applicable in the jurisdiction in which the public defender practices.

The Judicial Conference has authorized its Committee on Codes of Conduct to render advisory opinions concerning the application and interpretation of this code. Defender employees (other than the federal public defender) should consult with the federal public defender, and the federal public defender may consult with the court of appeals, for guidance on questions concerning this code and its applicability before a request for an advisory opinion is made to the Committee on Codes of Conduct. In assessing the propriety of one's proposed conduct, a defender employee should take care to consider all relevant canons in this code, the Ethics Reform Act, and other applicable statutes and regulations(2) (e.g., receipt of a gift may implicate canon 2 as well as canon 5C(2) and the Ethics Reform Act gift regulations). Should a question remain after this consultation, the affected defender employee may request an advisory opinion from the Committee. Requests for advisory opinions may be addressed to the Chairman of the Committee on Codes of Conduct in care of the General Counsel, Administrative Office of the United States Courts, One Columbus Circle, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20544.

Adopted September 19, 1995 by the Judicial Conference of the United States Effective January 1, 1996(3)

### CANON A FEDERAL PUBLIC DEFENDER EMPLOYEE SHOULD UPHOLD THE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When Actually Employed (WAE) employees are subject to canons 1, 2, and 3 and such other provisions of this code as may be determined by the appointing authority.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> <u>See Guide to Judiciary Policies and Procedures</u>, Volume II, Chapter VI, Statutory and Regulatory Provisions Relating to the Conduct of Judges and Judicial Employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Canon 6 was revised at the September 1998 Judicial Conference.

### 1: INTEGRITY AND INDEPENDENCE OF THE OFFICE

An independent and honorable defender system is indispensable to justice in our society. A defender employee should personally observe high standards of conduct so that the integrity and independence of the office are preserved and so that the defender office reflects a devotion to serving the public defender's clients and the principle of equal justice under law. Defender employees should require adherence to such standards by personnel subject to their direction and control. The provisions of this code should be construed and applied to further these objectives. The standards of this code shall not affect or preclude other more stringent standards required by law, by applicable codes of professional responsibility, by court order, or by the federal public defender.

### CANON 2: A FEDERAL PUBLIC DEFENDER EMPLOYEE SHOULD AVOID IMPROPRIETY AND THE APPEARANCE OF IMPROPRIETY IN ALL ACTIVITIES

A defender employee should not engage in any activities that would put into question the propriety of the defender employee's conduct in carrying out the duties of the office. A defender employee should not use public office for private gain.

## <u>CANON 3:</u> A FEDERAL PUBLIC DEFENDER EMPLOYEE SHOULD ADHERE TO APPROPRIATE STANDARDS IN PERFORMING THE DUTIES OF THE OFFICE

In performing the duties prescribed by law, by resolution of the Judicial Conference of the United States, by court order, or by the federal public defender, the following standards apply:

A. A defender employee should respect and comply with the law and these canons. A defender employee should report to the appropriate supervising authority any attempt to induce the defender employee to violate these canons.

<u>Note</u>: A number of criminal statutes of general applicability govern defender employees' performance of official duties. These include:

18 U.S.C. § 201 (bribery of public officials and witnesses);

18 U.S.C. § 211 (acceptance or solicitation to obtain appointive public office);

18 U.S.C. § 285 (taking or using papers relating to government claims);

18 U.S.C. § 287 (false, fictitious, or fraudulent claims against the government);

18 U.S.C. § 508 (counterfeiting or forging transportation requests);

18 U.S.C. § 641 (embezzlement or conversion of government money, property, or records);

18 U.S.C. § 643 (failing to account for public money);

- 18 U.S.C. § 798 and 50 U.S.C. § 783 (disclosure of classified information);
- 18 U.S.C. § 1001 (fraud or false statements in a government matter);
- 18 U.S.C. § 1719 (misuse of franking privilege);
- 18 U.S.C. § 2071 (concealing, removing, or mutilating a public record);
- 31 U.S.C. § 1344 (misuse of government vehicle);
- 31 U.S.C. § 3729 (false claims against the government).

This is not a comprehensive listing but sets forth some of the more significant provisions with which defender employees should be familiar.

- B. A defender employee should be faithful to professional standards and maintain competence in the defender employee's profession.
- C. A defender employee should be patient, dignified, respectful, and courteous to all persons with whom the defender employee deals in an official capacity, and should require similar conduct of personnel subject to the defender employee's direction and control. A defender employee should diligently discharge the responsibilities of the office in a nondiscriminatory fashion.
- D. A defender employee should not solicit or accept a payment of money or anything of value from a client, except that a defender employee may accept an appropriate memento or token that is neither money nor of commercial value. A defender employee should never disclose any confidential communications from a client, or any other confidential information received in the course of official duties, except as authorized by law. A former defender employee should observe the same restrictions on disclosure of confidential information that apply to a current defender employee.
- E. A defender employee should not engage in nepotism prohibited by law.

Note: See also 5 U.S.C. § 3110 (employment of relatives); 28 U.S.C. § 458 (employment of judges' relatives).

### F. Conflicts of Interest.

- (1) In providing legal representation to clients, a public defender should observe applicable rules of professional conduct governing the disclosure and avoidance of conflicts of interest.
- (2) In the performance of administrative duties, a defender employee should avoid conflicts of interest. A conflict of interest arises when a defender employee knows that he or she (or the spouse, minor child residing in the defender employee's household, or other close relative of the defender employee) might be so personally or financially affected by a matter that a reasonable person with knowledge of the relevant facts would question the defender employee's ability properly to perform administrative duties.

(3) When a defender employee knows that a conflict of interest may be presented in the performance of duties, the defender employee should promptly inform the federal public defender. The federal public defender, after determining that a conflict or the appearance of a conflict of interest exists, should take appropriate steps to restrict the defender employee's performance of duties in such a matter so as to avoid a conflict or the appearance of a conflict of interest. If the conflict involves a conflict between or among clients, the federal public defender should consider withdrawal from one or more representations, or other appropriate remedial actions, as necessary to comply with applicable rules of professional conduct. A defender employee should observe any restrictions imposed by the federal public defender in this regard.

# CANON A FEDERAL PUBLIC DEFENDER EMPLOYEE MAY ENGAGE IN ACTIVITIES 4: TO IMPROVE THE LAW, THE LEGAL SYSTEM, AND THE ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE

A defender employee, subject to the proper performance of official duties, may engage in the law-related activities enumerated below.

- A. A defender employee may speak, write, lecture, teach, and participate in other activities concerning defender services, the legal system, and the administration of justice.
- B. A defender employee may serve as a member, officer, or director of an organization or governmental agency devoted to the improvement of the law, the legal system, or the administration of justice. A defender employee may assist such an organization in raising funds and may participate in the management and investment of such funds. A defender employee may make recommendations to public and private fund-granting agencies on projects and programs concerning the law, the legal profession, and the administration of justice. A defender employee may solicit funds for law-related activities, subject to the following limitations:
  - (1) A defender employee should not use or permit the use of the prestige of the office in the solicitation of funds.
  - (2) A defender employee should not solicit subordinates to contribute funds to any such activity but may provide information to them about a general fundraising campaign.
  - (3) A defender employee should not solicit or accept funds from lawyers, clients, or other persons likely to have official business with the federal public defender office, except as an incident to a general fund-raising activity.
- C. A defender employee may promote the development of professional organizations and foster the interchange of information and experience with others in the profession. A defender employee may make himself or herself available to the public at large for speaking engagements and public appearances designed to enhance the public's knowledge of the operation of defender services and the criminal justice system.

## CANON A FEDERAL PUBLIC DEFENDER EMPLOYEE SHOULD REGULATE EXTRA 5: OFFICIAL ACTIVITIES TO MINIMIZE THE RISK OF CONFLICT WITH OFFICIAL DUTIES

- A. <u>Avocational Activities</u>. A defender employee may write, lecture, teach, and speak on subjects unrelated to the profession, and may engage in the arts, sports, and other social and recreational activities, if such avocational activities do not detract from the dignity of the office, interfere with the performance of official duties, or adversely reflect on the public defender's role as an advocate. A defender employee may solicit funds for avocational activities, subject to the limitations set forth in canon 4B.
- B. <u>Civic and Charitable Activities</u>. A defender employee may participate in civic and charitable activities that do not detract from the dignity of the office, interfere with the performance of official duties, or adversely reflect on the public defender's role as an advocate. A defender employee may serve as an officer, director, trustee or advisor of an educational, religious, charitable, fraternal, or civic organization, and may solicit funds for any such organization subject to the limitations set forth in canon 4B.

### C. Financial Activities.

- (1) A defender employee should refrain from financial and business dealings that tend to detract from the dignity of the office or interfere with the performance of official duties.
- (2) A defender employee should not solicit or accept a gift from anyone seeking official action from or doing business with the federal public defender office, or from anyone whose interests may be substantially affected by the performance or nonperformance of official duties; except that a defender employee may accept a gift as permitted by the Ethics Reform Act of 1989 and the Judicial Conference regulations thereunder. A defender employee should endeavor to prevent a member of a defender employee's family residing in the household from soliciting or accepting any such gift except to the extent that a defender employee would be permitted to do so by the Ethics Reform Act of 1989 and the Judicial Conference regulations thereunder.

Note: See 5 U.S.C. § 7353 (gifts to federal employees). See also 5 U.S.C. § 7342 (foreign gifts); 5 U.S.C. § 7351 (gifts to superiors).

(3) A defender employee should report the value of gifts to the extent a report is required by the Ethics Reform Act, other applicable law, or the Judicial Conference of the United States.

<u>Note</u>: <u>See</u> 5 U.S.C. App. §§ 101 to 111 (Ethics Reform Act financial disclosure provisions).

D. <u>Practice of Law</u>. A defender employee should not engage in the private practice of law. Notwithstanding this prohibition, a defender employee may act pro se and may, without compensation, give legal advice to and draft or review documents for a member of the

defender employee's family, so long as such work does not present an appearance of impropriety and does not interfere with the defender employee's primary responsibility to the defender office.

<u>Note</u>: <u>See</u> 18 U.S.C. § 3006A(g)(2)(A) (prohibiting public defenders from engaging in the private practice of law). <u>See also</u> 18 U.S.C. § 203 (representation in matters involving the United States); 18 U.S.C. § 205 (claims against the United States).

# CANON A FEDERAL PUBLIC DEFENDER EMPLOYEE SHOULD REGULARLY FILE 6: REPORTS OF COMPENSATION RECEIVED FOR ALL EXTRA-OFFICIAL ACTIVITIES

A defender employee may receive compensation and reimbursement of expenses for outside activities provided that receipt of such compensation or reimbursement is not prohibited or restricted by this code, the Ethics Reform Act, and other applicable law, and provided that the source or amount of such payments does not influence or give the appearance of influencing the defender employee in the performance of official duties or otherwise give the appearance of impropriety. Expense reimbursement should be limited to the actual cost of travel, food, and lodging reasonably incurred by a defender employee and, where appropriate to the occasion, by the defender employee's spouse or relative. Any payment in excess of such an amount is compensation. A defender employee should make and file reports of compensation and reimbursement for outside activities to the extent prescribed by the Ethics Reform Act, other applicable law, or the Judicial Conference of the United States.

Notwithstanding the above, a defender employee (other than a defender employee serving without compensation) should not receive any salary, or any supplementation of salary, as compensation for official government services from any source other than the United States.

Note: See 5 U.S.C. App. §§ 101 to 111 (Ethics Reform Act financial disclosure provisions). See also 5 U.S.C. App. §§ 501 to 505 (outside earned income and employment).

## **CANON**7: A FEDERAL PUBLIC DEFENDER EMPLOYEE SHOULD REFRAIN FROM INAPPROPRIATE POLITICAL ACTIVITY

A. A defender employee should not be a candidate for or hold partisan elective office and should not solicit partisan political contributions. A defender employee should not engage in any political activity while on duty or in the defender employee's workplace and may not utilize any federal resources in any such activity. Political activity includes, but is not limited to, displaying campaign literature, badges, stickers, signs or other items of political advertising on behalf of any party, political committee, or candidate for political office and soliciting signatures for political candidacy or membership in a political party.

B. A defender employee may engage in political activity not otherwise prohibited, provided that such activity does not detract from the dignity of the office or interfere with the proper performance of official duties. A defender employee who participates in political activity should not use his or her position or title in connection with such activity.

Note: See also 18 U.S.C. chapter 29 (elections and political activities).